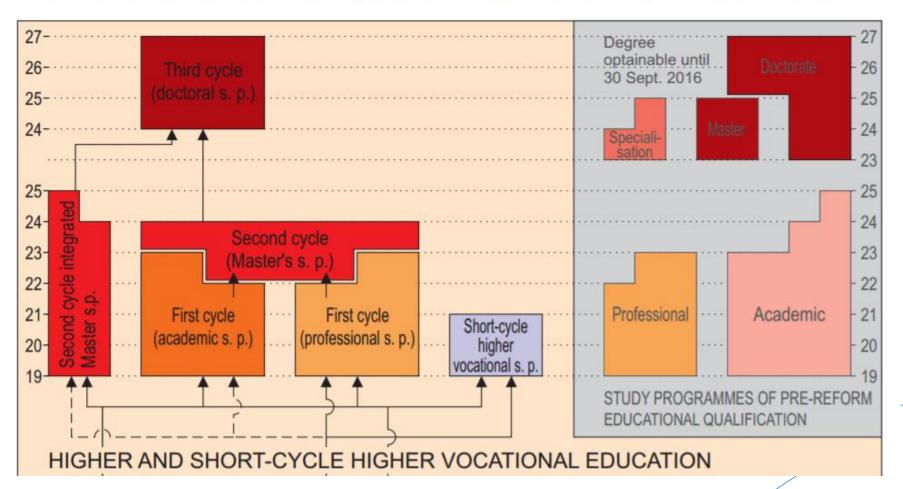
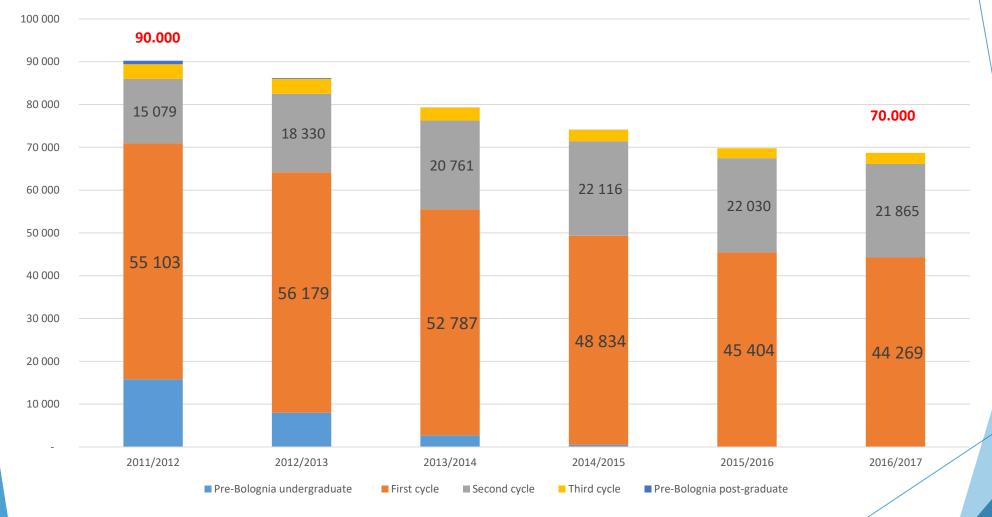
## THE STRUCTURE OF SLOVENIAN HIGHER EDUCATION LANDSCAPE

### Structure of the HE System in Slovenia

STRUCTURE OF THE EDUCATION SYSTEM IN THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

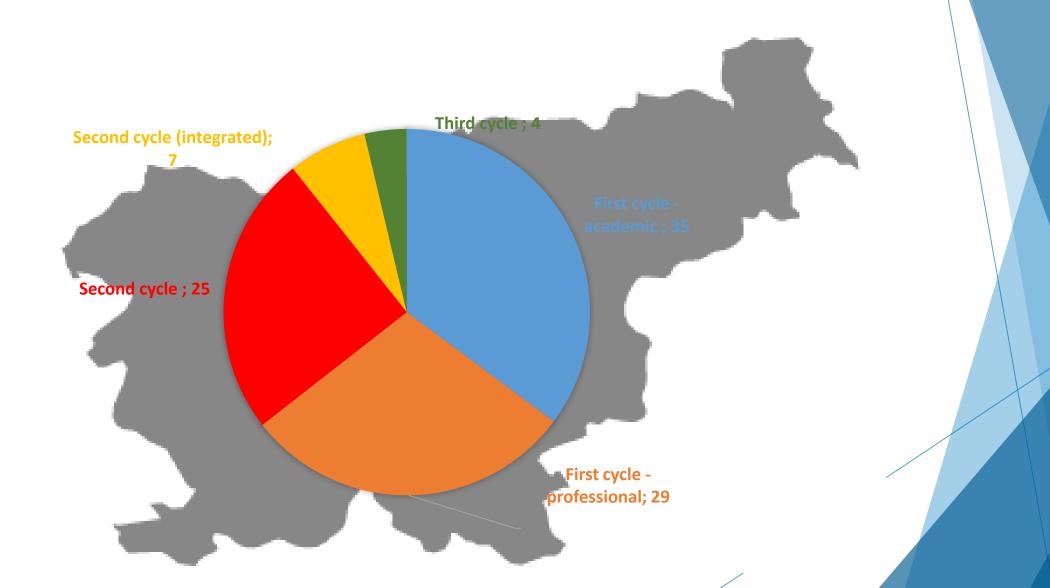


#### Total number of students, 2011 - 2016

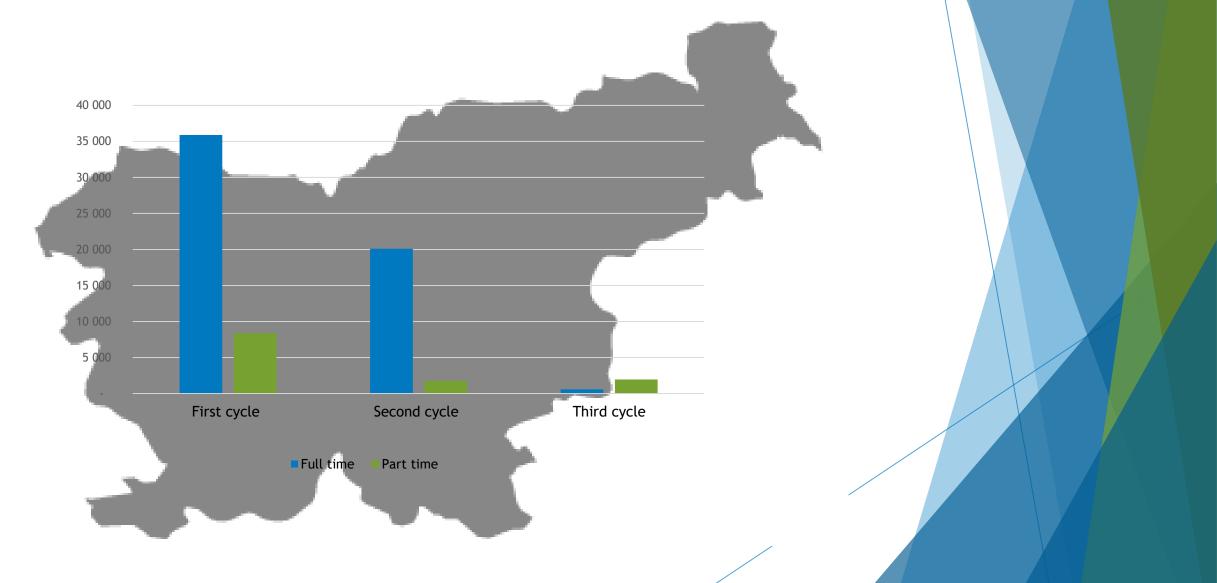


#### Newly enrolled: 26.000

## Students (%) by level of study, 2016/17

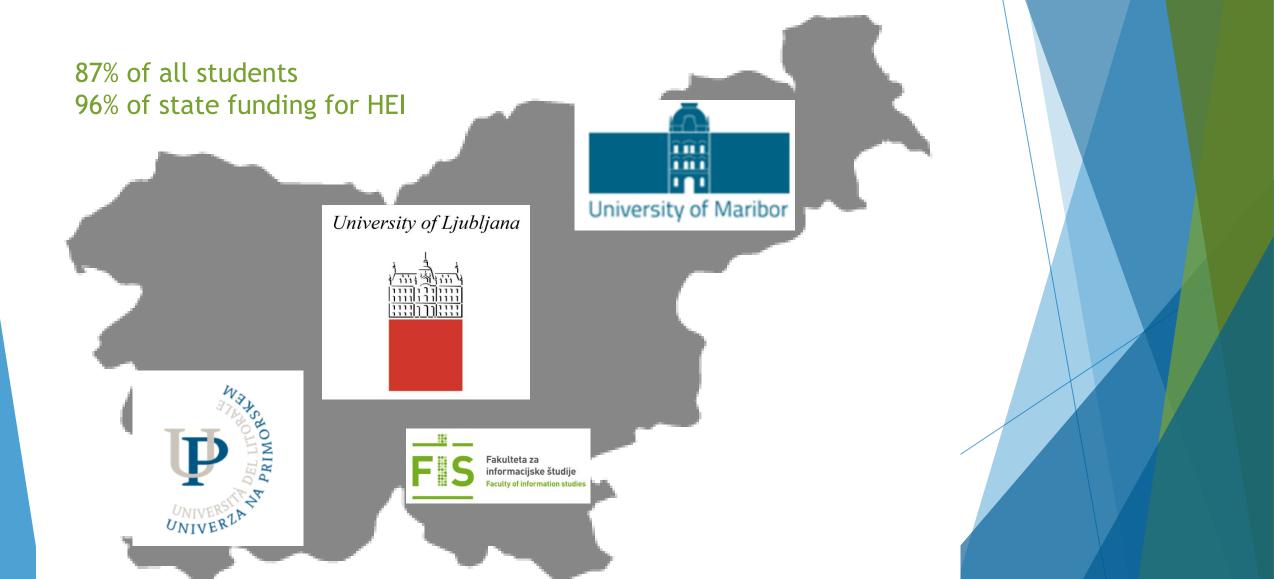


## Number of students by type of study, 2016/17



PUBLIC		PRIVATE	
3	Universities	2	
1	Independent institutions	46	
59 705	Students	8 874	
<b>ŹŢŹŹŢŹŢŹŢŹŢŹŢŹ</b>		<b>†</b> ‡	
	Source: MIZŠ		

## **Public** HE Institutions



### **Private HE Institutions**

#### 13 HEI with concession:

#### 50 HEI without concession:





# Number of HE students by HEI, 2016/17

#### Total: 70.000

University of Maribor: 14.500 (21%)

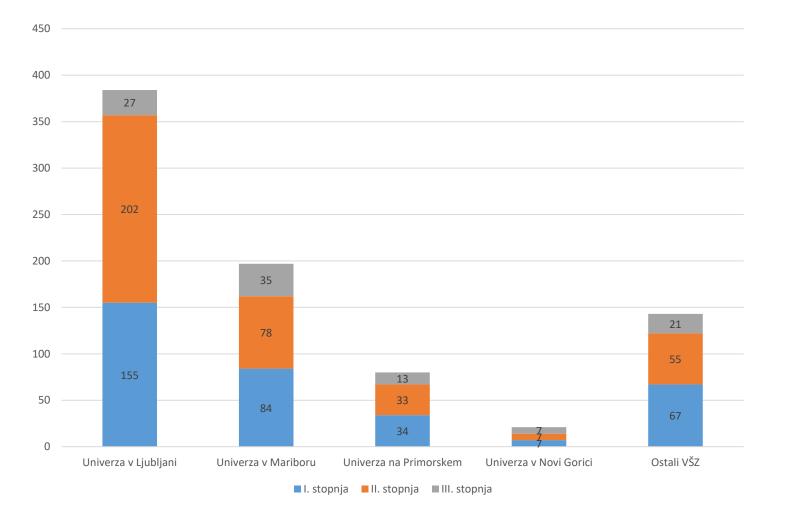
Private HEI: 9.000 (13%)

University of Ljubljana: 40.000 (58%)

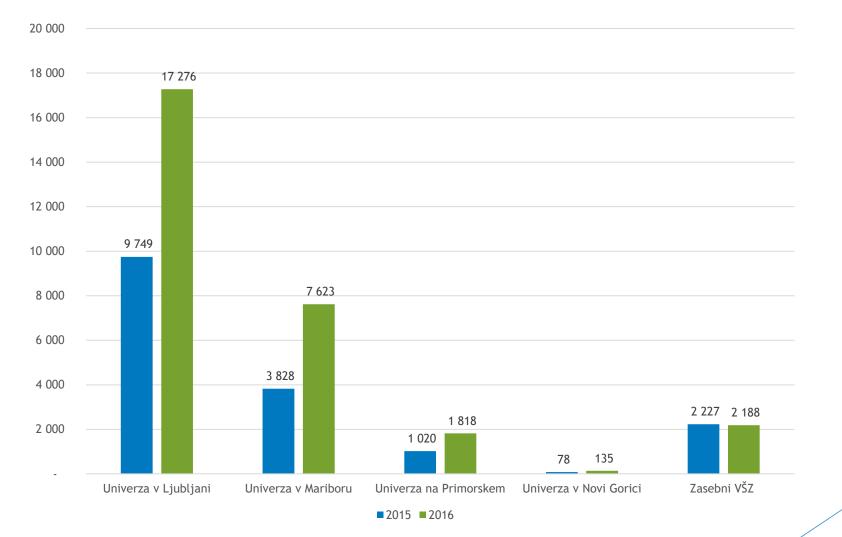
Iniversity of Nova Gorica: 500 (1%)

University of Primorska: 5.000 (7%)

### Number of Study programmes



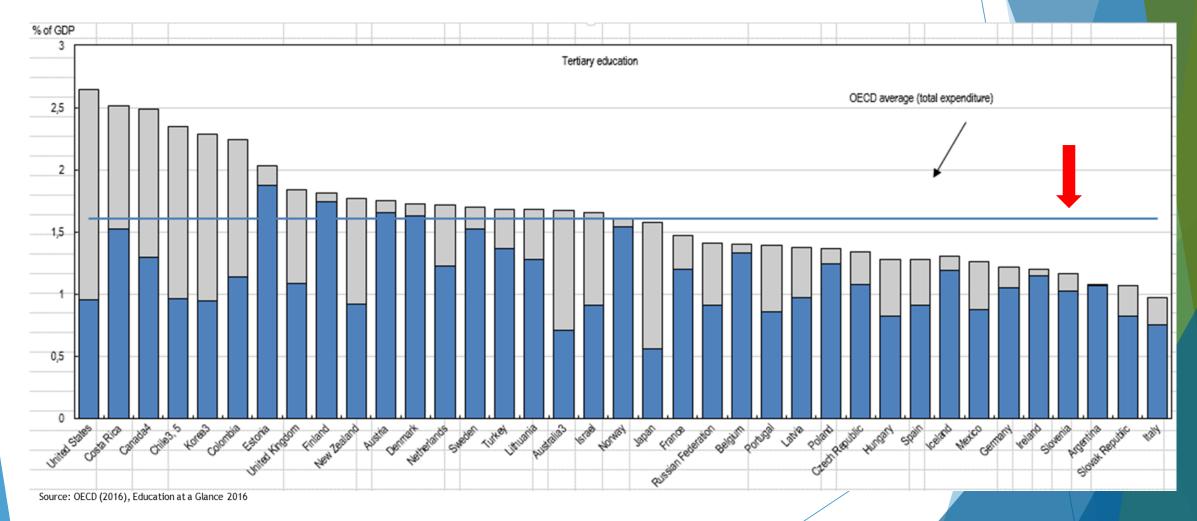
#### Number of graduates by HEI, 2015-16



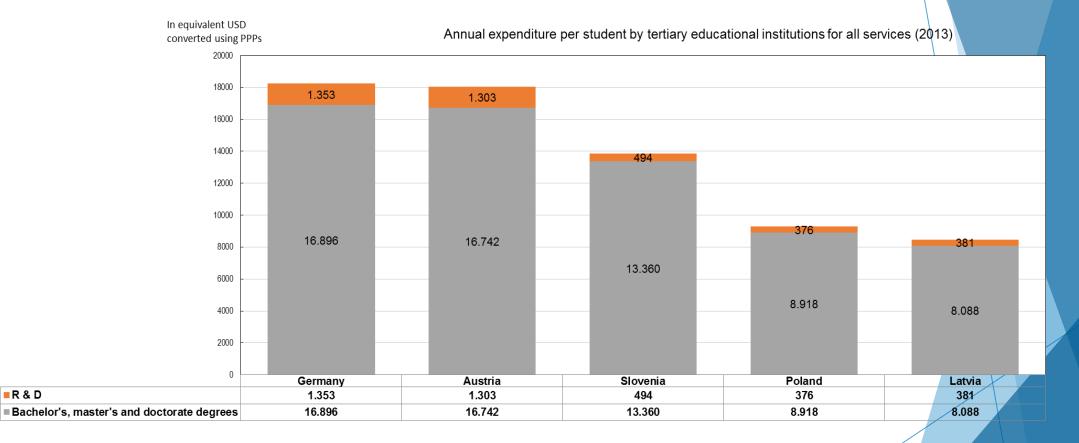
## SOME FACTS ON FUNDING OF HIGHER EDUCATION IN SLOVENIA

#### What proportion of national wealth is spent for tertiary education?

#### Public and private expenditure on tertiary education institutions as a percentage of GDP (2013)



#### How much is spent per student?

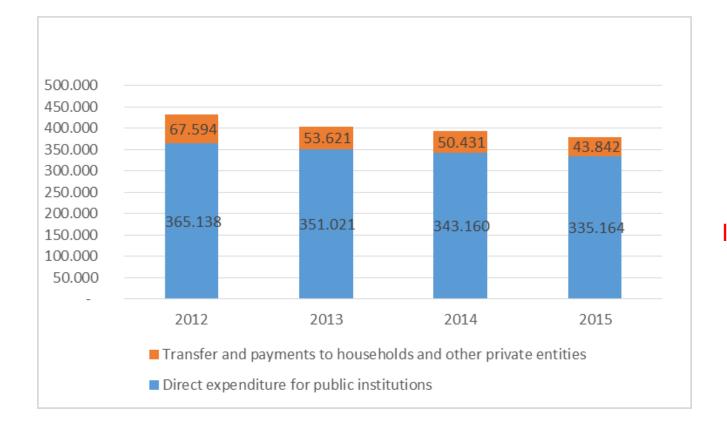


Source: OECD (2016), Education at a Glance 2016

# Total public expenditure on education as % of GDP

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
All educational level	5,57	5 <i>,</i> 66	5,49	5,34	4,9
Terciary education	1,42	1,2	1,13	1,06	1,0
Higher education	1,35	1,11	1,07	1,01	0,9
to HE institutions	1,03	0,93	0,92	0,88	
R&D expenditure of HES founded by					
govermnet sector	0,21	0,2	0,18	0,16	0,15

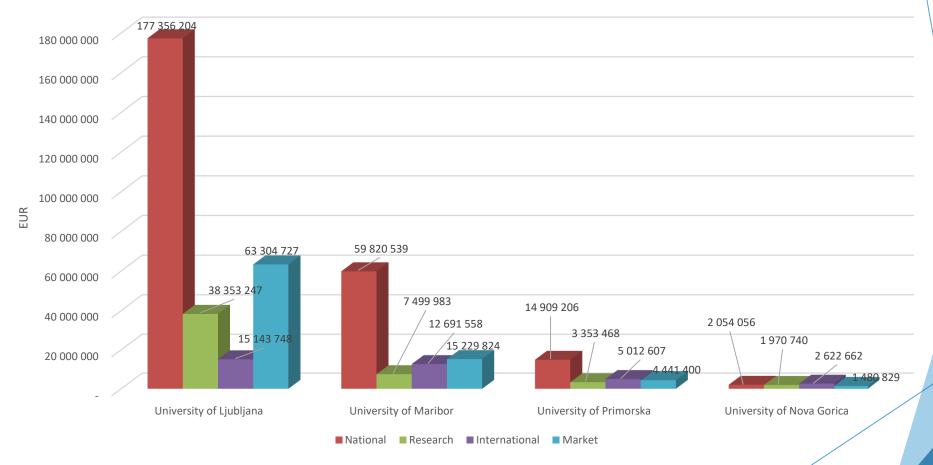
#### Public expenditure for formal tertiary education by purpose of expenditure, 2012-15 (1.00 EUR)



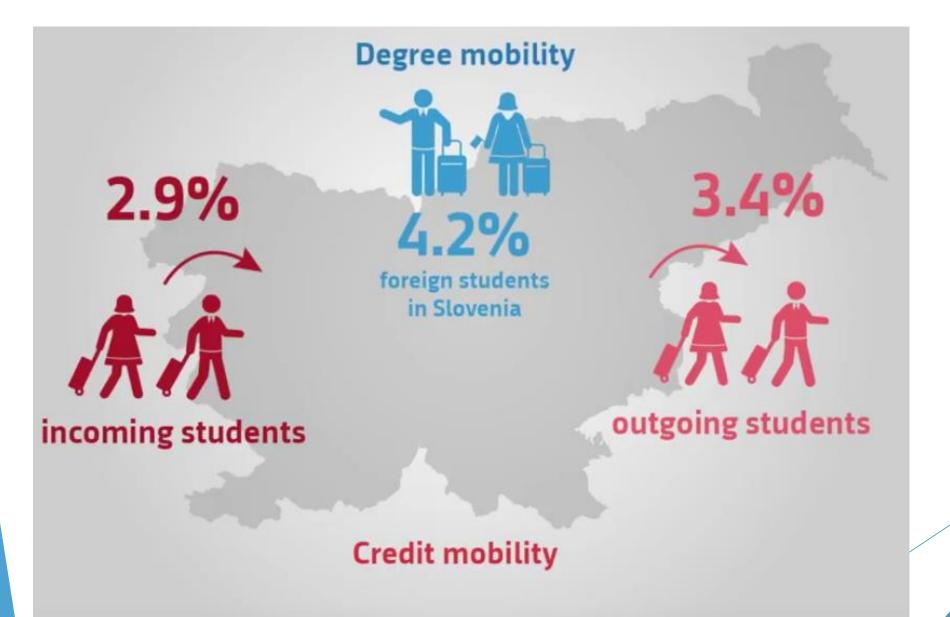
Ind=87,6!

Source: Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia.

## Sources of funding of universities, 2015



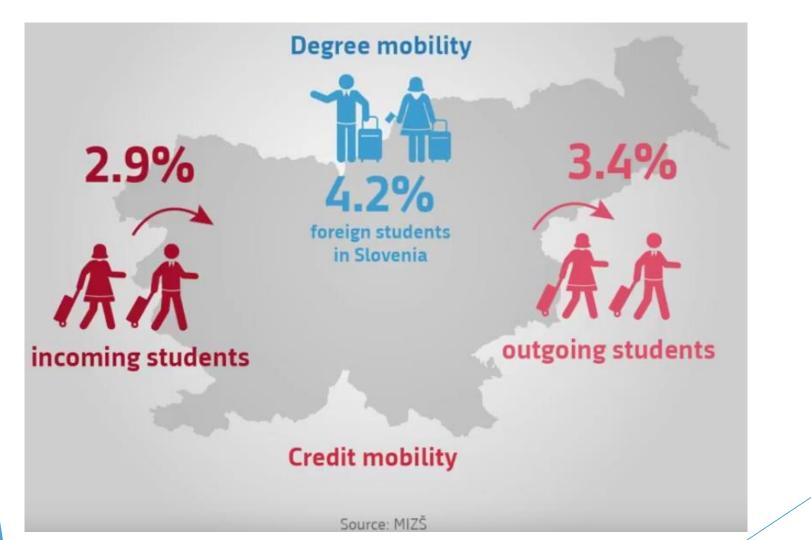
### Mobile students, 2016



Source: MIZŠ

## CHALLENGES FACING HIGHER EDUCATION IN SLOVENIA

1. Increasing the number of Slovenian students on student exchanges and student internships abroad



#### Measures:

- Implementation of programmes Erasmus+, CEEPUS, bilaterals
- Additional funding for Erasmus + grants (for all students)
- Ad futura scholarships for study visits and participation in
- competitions abroad
- The inclusion of students from disadvantaged backgrounds in mobility programmes (additional funding for mobile students from disadvantaged backgrounds in Erasmus+)

Objective 2020: 20% mobile graduates

2. Increasing the number of full-time study programmes in Slovenia

Measures:

- Increasing the number of English-taught study programmes
- Promoting Slovenia as a study destination
- Promoting the development of strategic partnerships

3. Increasing the number of visiting international experts and higher education teachers in Slovenian higher education institutions

Measures:

- Establishing a support centre to help international professionals, teachers and researchers with administrative processes
- Removing regulatory barriers to encouraging mobility of staff from non-EU countries
- Informing international higher education teachers on Slovenian culture, society and language

# 4. Promoting the development of intercultural competences

Measures:

- Including intercultural competences and internationalized learning outcomes in study programmes
- Removing administrative barriers to the accreditation of international joint and double/multiple degree study programmes